

Early Reading Curriculum

We are determined that every pupil learns to read quickly and continues to read – widely and often. We value reading as a key life skill and are dedicated to enabling our pupils to become lifelong readers.

INTENT		IMPLEMENTATION		IMPACT	
Alignment to National Curriculum and EYFS Framework	We systematically teach phonics using the Read Write Inc. Phonics Scheme throughout Foundation Stage and Key Stage 1. Our teaching of reading including early reading goes beyond the expectations of the national curriculum. Reading and reading for pleasure pedagogies are a deeply embedded part of our school culture.	Pedagogical Approaches	The pedagogical approaches to the teaching of early reading are closely aligned to the approaches and principles of teaching in other subject areas, with the key elements being: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Deliberate and intentional retrieval of previous knowledge to build on previous learning • Regular checkpoints and formative assessments to tailor lessons to the needs of pupils • Positive relationships that create the conditions conducive to effective learning • High levels of subject knowledge In addition to this, the RWI lesson structure is followed with fidelity to give consistency across teaching groups.	Approach to Assessment	We initially assess all pupils using the Entry Assessment. We use this data to assign pupils to groups as quickly as possible. Children are then subsequently assessed every 6-8 weeks. This means that the pupils are grouped in terms of their reading ability and they are reading at an appropriate decoding level every day. This helps us to focus the teaching and ensure pupils learn to read quickly. It also identifies any pupils that are falling behind the programme's pace, so that targeted support can be given immediately through one-to-one phonics tutoring.
End Points	We have clear expectations of pupil's progress term by term, from Reception to Year 2 and our phonics programme aligns with these. Our aim is for pupils to complete the phonics programme as quickly as possible. The sooner they complete it, the sooner they will be able to choose books to read at their own interest and comprehension level.	Teachers' Expert Knowledge	Teachers are given regular opportunities to access CPD. The subject leader provides regular updates to staff. The culture of the school promotes openness and honesty in relation to proactively seeking support; this may be reflected in PDM content, and discussions between colleagues. A key element of our RWI teaching is consistent whole-school practice, underpinned by appropriate professional development. All staff are RWI trained and have regularly opportunities to observe best practice.	Performance Data	Attainment in reading is measured using the statutory assessments at the end of Key Stage One and Two. These results are measured against the reading attainment of children nationally. Attainment in phonics is measured by the Phonics Screening Test at the end of Year 1. The most recent pupil performance data can be found on the school website.
Sequencing	We acknowledge that children need to be taught the key skills in segmenting and blending to be equipped with the knowledge to be able to complete the phonics check at the end of year 1. We also value and encourage the pupils to read for enjoyment and recognise that this starts with the foundations of acquiring letter sounds, segmenting and blending skills. The sequence of reading books shows a cumulative progression in phonics knowledge that is matched closely to our phonics programme.	Promoting Discussion and Understanding	In all lessons, discussion is integral in order to deepen thinking and promote understanding. Pupils are given regular opportunities to explore and discuss questions at an age appropriate level. In addition, we teach pupils to work effectively with a partner to explain and consolidate what they are learning. Teachers use their strong knowledge of the progression in order to ask questions which lead children to develop the skills we intend to promote.	Pupils' Work	Phonics teaching prioritises the oral rehearsal, recognition, and application of sounds and spellings. As learning is mainly practical, pupils do not complete regular written work. Progress is evidenced through ongoing teacher assessment, pupil responses, and occasional recording in phonics spelling books.
		Knowing More and Remembering More	Children are encouraged to reflect on previous learning and use that to explain their current understanding. Teachers are clear about the progress and achievements of the pupils they teach, and how their learning might be improved. Teaching actively promotes recall and retrieval strategies to commit knowledge to long term memory	Talking to Pupils	The phonics lead will monitor the effectiveness of phonics provision through regular session drop-ins, pupil voice, and professional dialogue with staff. As phonics teaching is predominantly oral, monitoring will focus on pupils' responses, participation, and

Local Context	Our children typically enter school ready to learn to read. We capitalise on this by teaching a systematic approach to phonics immediately so that no time is wasted in gaining early reading skills. To reflect our diverse community, we ensure that the whole reading curriculum includes authors and characters from a range of ethnic and social backgrounds, cultures and genders	Teacher Assessment	Partner work provides the teacher with opportunities to assess learning and to pick up on difficulties, such as pupils' poor articulation, or problems with blending or alphabetic code knowledge.		application of learning rather than written evidence alone. Pupils will be encouraged to discuss their learning, enjoyment, understanding, and recall of sounds and spellings. This information, alongside observational evidence, will be used to evaluate the impact and consistency of phonics teaching across the school.
---------------	---	--------------------	--	--	--